

Substitute Bill No. 5600

February Session, 2008

_____HB05600ENV___031008____

AN ACT CONCERNING CONNECTICUT GLOBAL WARMING SOLUTIONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 22a-200 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 3 As used in sections 22a-200 to 22a-200b, inclusive, as amended by
- 4 this act, sections 3, 5, 6 and 9 of this act and section 4a-67h:
- 5 (1) "Direct emissions" means emissions from sources that are owned
- 6 or operated, in whole or in part, by an entity or facility, including, but
- 7 not limited to, emissions from factory stacks, manufacturing processes
- 8 and vents, and company owned or leased motor vehicles;
- 9 (2) "Entity" means a person, as defined in section 22a-2, that owns or
- 10 operates, in whole or in part, a source of greenhouse gas emissions
- 11 from a generator of electricity or a commercial or industrial site, which
- source may include, but not be limited to, a transportation fleet;
- 13 (3) "Facility" means a building, structure or installation located on
- 14 any one or more contiguous or adjacent properties of an entity;
- 15 (4) "Greenhouse gas" means any chemical or physical substance that
- 16 is emitted into the air and that the Commissioner of Environmental
- 17 Protection may reasonably anticipate will cause or contribute to

- 18 climate change, including, but not limited to, carbon dioxide, methane,
- 19 nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulfur
- 20 hexafluoride;
- 21 (5) "Indirect emissions" means emissions associated with the
- 22 consumption of purchased electricity, steam and heating or cooling by
- 23 an entity or facility.
- Sec. 2. Section 22a-200a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 25 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 26 [(a) It shall be the goal of the state to reduce emissions of
- 27 greenhouse gas in order to make an appropriate contribution to
- 28 achieving the regional goals of reducing emissions of greenhouse gas
- 29 to those levels emitted in 1990, which reduction to occur not later than
- 30 January 1, 2010, and to levels ten per cent below the 1990 levels not
- 31 later than January 1, 2020. The Commissioner of Environmental
- 32 Protection shall consult with the Conference of New England
- 33 Governors and Eastern Canadian Premiers to establish a date for the
- 34 long-term regional goal of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gas
- 35 by seventy-five to eighty-five per cent below 2001 levels. If the
- 36 Conference of New England Governors and Eastern Canadian
- 37 Premiers has not established a date for such long-term regional goal by
- 38 January 1, 2007, the date for reaching such goal shall be 2050.
- 39 (b) Not later than January 1, 2005, the Governor's Steering
- 40 Committee on Climate Change, established in November 2002, shall
- 41 develop a multisector, comprehensive climate change action plan, with
- 42 the opportunity for public comment, which plan shall contain the
- 43 policies and programs necessary to achieve the state's goals for the
- 44 reduction of greenhouse gas emissions by 2010 and 2020. The steering
- 45 committee shall notify each member of the General Assembly of the
- 46 development of such plan and of such opportunity for public
- 47 comment. Not later than January 1, 2005, the steering committee shall
- 48 submit, in accordance with section 11-4a, such plan to the joint
- 49 standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of

- matters relating to the environment, energy, transportation and commerce. Not later than January 15, 2005, such committees shall convene a joint informational public hearing for the purpose of reviewing such plan. Not later than February 1, 2005, such committees shall meet for the purpose of consideration of endorsement of such plan. Not later than February 15, 2005, the steering committee shall submit a final plan to such committees.
 - (c) Not later than January 1, 2008, the steering committee shall develop an amended climate change action plan, with the opportunity for public comment, for achieving the state's contribution towards reaching the long-term regional goal established pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The steering committee shall submit, in accordance with section 11-4a, such plan to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the environment.
 - (d) Not later than December 1, 2005, and annually thereafter, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, in collaboration with the commissioners of other state agencies and the steering committee, shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to the environment on the progress made in achieving the goals established in subsection (a) of this section and to evaluate the appropriateness of the climate change action plans developed pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of this section in achieving such goals.]
- (a) The state shall reduce the level of emissions of greenhouse gas:
- 75 (1) Not later than January 1, 2020, to a level at least ten per cent 76 below the level emitted in 1990; and
- 77 (2) Not later than January 1, 2050, to a level at least eighty per cent 78 below the level emitted in 2001.
- (b) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, in consultation
 with the Department of Public Utility Control, shall establish emission

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levels and limits associated with the electric sector based on consumption and purchases of electricity from the regional electric power grid. In establishing such emission levels and limits, the commissioner shall take into account the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative and the renewable portfolio standards established under section 16-245a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes.

(c) On or before January 1, 2012, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, the Commissioners of Environmental Protection, Transportation and Administrative Services shall each adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this section as such provisions relate to each commissioner's agency. Such regulations shall be designed to: (1) Minimize costs and maximize the total benefit to the state, encourage innovation, stimulate investment in low greenhouse gas technologies and encourage early action to reduce greenhouse gas emissions; (2) ensure that compliance with the regulations furthers rather than conflicts with federal and state ambient air quality standards and goals to reduce toxic air contaminant emissions; (3) weigh overall societal potential benefits, including reductions in other air pollutants, diversification of energy sources, and other benefits to the economy, environment and public health; (4) ensure that activities undertaken to comply with the regulations do not disproportionately impact lowincome and minority communities; (5) minimize the administrative burden of implementing and complying with the regulations; (6) consider the significance of the contribution of each source or category of sources to state-wide greenhouse gas emissions; and (7) result in greenhouse gas emission reductions that are real, permanent, quantifiable, verifiable and enforceable. Such regulations shall provide for an evaluation of policies and programs by the Department of Environmental Protection based upon a greenhouse gas emissions cost of ten dollars per ton of carbon dioxide, to be adjusted for inflation, or the current Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative or federal allowance price, whichever is higher. The commissioner may adjust such cost to reflect the projected costs of carbon over the lifetime of a proposed

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- 115 project.
- 116 (d) The Office of Policy and Management and the Governor's
- 117 Steering Committee on Climate Change shall monitor and enforce
- 118 compliance with this section and the regulations adopted pursuant to
- this section.
- (e) Not later than January 1, 2012, and every five years thereafter,
- the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, in consultation
- 122 with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection and the
- 123 Governor's Steering Committee on Climate Change, shall report, in
- accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, on the progress made
- in achieving the emissions reductions pursuant to subsection (a) of this
- 126 section and an assessment of the latest scientific information and
- 127 relevant data regarding global climate change and the status of
- 128 emissions reduction achieved in other states and countries to the
- 129 General Assembly.
- 130 (f) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and
- 131 Commissioners of Transportation, Administrative Services and
- 132 Environmental Protection shall each adopt regulations in accordance
- with the provisions of chapter 54, as needed, to meet the emissions
- limits required by subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 3. Section 22a-200b of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 137 (a) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall work to
- 138 establish a regional greenhouse gas registry for greenhouse gas
- emissions and a regional reporting system in conjunction with other
- states or a regional consortium.
- (b) Not later than April 15, 2006, and annually thereafter, the owner
- or operator of any facility that is required to report air emissions data
- to the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Title V of
- the federal Clean Air Act and that has stationary emissions sources
- that emit greenhouse gases shall report to the regional registry direct

- stack emissions of greenhouse gases from such sources. The owner or operator shall report all greenhouse gas emissions in a type and format that the regional registry can accommodate.
- [(c) The commissioner shall consider, on an annual basis, requiring the expansion of reporting to the regional greenhouse gas registry to include, but not be limited to, other facilities or sectors, greenhouse gases, or direct and indirect emissions. A decision for or against an expansion of reporting and an explanation of such decision shall be included in the annual report required pursuant to subsection (d) of section 22a-200a.]
 - (c) Not later than April 15, 2009, the owner or operator of any facility that has stationary emissions sources that emit greenhouse gases in excess of ten thousand tons in carbon dioxide equivalents shall report to the regional greenhouse gas registry direct emissions of greenhouse gases from such sources, on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Such owner or operator shall report all greenhouse gas emissions in a type and format that the regional greenhouse gas registry can accommodate. Each year the commissioner shall consider whether to expand the reporting requirements to include other entities or facilities.
 - (d) Not later than July 1, 2006, the commissioner shall provide for the voluntary reporting of emissions of greenhouse gas to the regional greenhouse gas registry by entities and facilities that are not required to submit information pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of this section but which do so on a voluntary basis. The greenhouse gas emissions reported shall be of a type and format that the regional greenhouse gas registry can accommodate.
 - (e) If a regional greenhouse gas registry is not developed and implemented by April 15, 2007, the commissioner shall evaluate the feasibility of establishing and administering a state-wide greenhouse gas registry for the collection of emissions data pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of this section. If a regional greenhouse gas registry is

- developed after the commissioner establishes a state-wide greenhouse
- gas registry, the reporting requirements in subsections (b) and (c) of
- 180 this section shall revert to the regional greenhouse gas registry in
- accordance with said subsections (b) and (c).
- 182 <u>(f) Where appropriate and feasible, the state shall incorporate the</u>
- 183 standards and protocols developed by the national Climate Registry,
- 184 established by the Northeast States for Coordinated Air Use
- 185 Management and the Northeast States Center for a Clean Air Future.
- [(f)] (g) Not later than July 1, 2006, and triennially thereafter, the
- 187 commissioner shall publish a state greenhouse gas emissions inventory
- that includes comprehensive estimates of the quantity of greenhouse
- 189 gas emissions in the state for the last three years in which data is
- 190 available.
- 191 [(g)] (h) The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance
- 192 with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this
- section. Nothing in section 4a-67h, 22a-200, as amended by this act,
- 194 22a-200a, as amended by this act, or this section shall limit a state
- 195 agency from adopting any regulation within its authority in
- accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.
- 197 Sec. 4. Section 22a-200c of the 2008 supplement to the general
- 198 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 199 (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 200 (a) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall adopt
- 201 regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to implement the Regional
- 202 Greenhouse Gas Initiative.
- 203 (b) The Department of Environmental Protection, in consultation
- 204 with the Department of Public Utility Control, shall auction all
- 205 emissions allowances and invest the proceeds on behalf of electric
- 206 ratepayers in energy conservation, load management and Class I
- 207 renewable energy programs and such allowances may be used to cover
- 208 the reasonable administrative costs of state agencies associated with

- the adopting of regulations in accordance with section 22a-200a, as 210 amended by this act. In making such investments, the Commissioner 211 of Environmental Protection shall consider strategies that maximize 212 cost effective reductions in greenhouse gas emission. Allowances shall
- 213 be auctioned under the oversight of the Department of Public Utility
- 214 Control and the Department of Environmental Protection by a 215 contractor or trustee on behalf of the electric ratepayers.
- 216 (c) The regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section 217 may include provisions to cover the reasonable administrative costs 218 associated with the implementation of the Regional Greenhouse Gas 219 Initiative in Connecticut and to fund assessment and planning of 220 measures to reduce emissions and mitigate the impacts of climate 221 change. Such costs shall not exceed seven and one-half per cent of the 222 total projected allowance value. Such regulations may also set aside a 223 portion of the allowances to support the voluntary renewable energy 224 provisions of the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative model rule and 225 combined heat and power.
 - (d) Any allowances or allowance value allocated to the energy conservation load management program on behalf of electric ratepayers shall be incorporated into the planning and procurement process in sections 16a-3a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes and 16a-3b of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes.
- 231 Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) (a) In order to achieve the 232 emission reduction requirements established in section 22a-200a of the 233 general statutes, as amended by this act, the state shall implement the 234 following:
- 235 (1) (A) Not later than January 1, 2009, the Commissioner of 236 Environmental Protection, in consultation with the Commissioner of 237 Transportation and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and 238 Management, may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54 of 239 the general statutes, to establish a low-carbon fuel standard for all 240 motor vehicle and home heating fuels sold in the state.

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- (B) The Department of Environmental Protection shall not establish such standard until the department assesses whether a sufficient analytical framework exists for measuring full lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions, including direct and indirect emissions of greenhouse gas caused by changes in land use or other factors. Such assessment shall include, but not be limited to, the modeling tools developed by the California Air Resources Board and the United States Environmental Protection Agency. For the purposes of this subdivision, "sufficient analytical framework" means that the measurement tool used accurately measures actual lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions.
- (C) The fuel full lifecycle analysis shall include all stages of fuel and feedstock production and distribution, from feedstock generation or extraction to distribution, delivery and use of the finished fuel to the ultimate consumer, and shall adjust the mass values for all greenhouse gas emissions relative to such emissions' relative global warming potential.
- (D) Any such regulations adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall mandate the use of a sufficient analytical framework and shall establish a declining standard for greenhouse gas emissions measured in CO2 equivalent grams per unit of fuel energy sold sufficient to achieve not less than a ten per cent reduction in the lifecycle carbon intensity of all motor vehicle and home heating fuels sold in the state by 2020. The low carbon fuel standard shall address environmental issues associated with the production of new fuels, including, but not limited to, sustainability, the impact on water, air and soil quality, land use change and food production. The relevant agency shall consider the standards established by other states when adopting any such regulations.
- (2) The Department of Transportation shall investigate the potential for the expansion of high-speed and light-rail passenger service and expanded freight rail service within the Northeast region. Such investigation shall include, but not be limited to, the development of new rail corridors, opportunity to reduce vehicle miles traveled, and

- an analysis of the economic and environmental benefits and effect on greenhouse gas emissions of such expanded passenger and freight rail service. Not later than June 1, 2009, the Commissioner of Transportation shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, regarding the results of such investigation to the General Assembly.
 - (3) The Department of Environmental Protection shall work with interested states and Canadian provinces to develop and implement market-based compliance mechanisms to achieve the greenhouse gas levels and limits established by section 22a-200a of the general statutes, as amended by this act, including, but not limited to, cap and trade programs.
 - (4) All facilities owned or leased by the state shall offset any greenhouse gas emissions resulting from the removal of forests, associated biomass and soil carbon through investments in land use-based carbon offsets within the state. The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, in consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, shall develop standards and verification protocols to ensure that such offsets occur and that such offsets are permanent, enforceable and verifiable.
 - (5) The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, in consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, shall develop a model municipal smart growth code that municipalities may adopt. Such model code shall encourage open space preservation, mixed land uses, compact building design, the availability of public transit and other low-carbon emission transportation alternatives, and shall emphasize strengthening and directing development towards existing infrastructure. The secretary shall investigate potential incentives to encourage municipalities to adopt the model code and shall report, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the General Assembly regarding its findings no later than January 1, 2009.

- 306 Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2008) (a) No load-serving entity in 307 the state of Connecticut shall sign a power purchase agreement or 308 capacity contract for, and the Department of Environmental Protection 309 shall not issue a permit for, any new baseload fossil fuel power plant 310 that commences operations after June 1, 2008, that exceeds the carbon 311 dioxide emissions rate of one thousand one hundred pounds per 312 megawatt-hours for the total emissions associated with producing 313 electricity, including useful thermal output, except that the 314 Commissioner of Environmental Protection may reduce such rate to 315 account for advances in technology.
 - (b) The Department of Environmental Protection may adopt regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes to create monitoring and verification requirements to ensure the capture and sequestration of carbon dioxide. Any such regulations shall be consistent with any federal guidelines concerning permanent sequestration of carbon dioxide. Greenhouse gas emissions that are sequestered permanently, pursuant to any such regulations, shall be excluded from the determination of whether the greenhouse gas emission limits established under section 22a-200 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, have been met.
- Sec. 7. Section 22a-1b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 328 The General Assembly directs that, to the fullest extent possible:
- 329 (a) Each state department, institution or agency shall review its 330 policies and practices to insure that they are consistent with the state's 331 environmental policy as set forth in sections 22a-1 and 22a-1a.
 - (b) (1) Each sponsoring agency shall, prior to a decision to prepare an environmental impact evaluation pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for an action which may significantly affect the environment, conduct an early public scoping process.
- 336 (2) To initiate an early public scoping process, the sponsoring

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- agency shall provide notice on a form that has been approved by the Council on Environmental Quality, which shall include, but not be limited to, the date, time and location of any proposed public scoping meeting and the duration of the public comment period pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection, to the council, the Office of Policy and Management and any other state agency whose activities may reasonably be expected to affect or be affected by the proposed action.
 - (3) Members of the public and any interested state agency representatives may submit comments on the nature and extent of any environmental impacts of the proposed action during the thirty days following the publication of the notice of the early public scoping process pursuant to this section.
 - (4) A public scoping meeting shall be held at the discretion of the sponsoring agency or if twenty-five persons or an association having not less than twenty-five persons requests such a meeting within ten days of the publication of the notice in the Environmental Monitor. A public scoping meeting shall be held not less than ten days following the notice of the proposed action in the Environmental Monitor. The public comment period shall remain open for at least five days following the meeting.
 - (5) A sponsoring agency shall provide the following at a public scoping meeting: (A) A description of the proposed action; (B) a description of the purpose and need of the proposed action; (C) a list of the criteria for a site for the proposed action; (D) a list of potential sites for the proposed action; (E) the resources of any proposed site for the proposed action; (F) the environmental limitations of such sites; (G) potential alternatives to the proposed action; and (H) any information the sponsoring agency deems necessary.
 - (6) Any agency submitting comments or participating in the public scoping meeting pursuant to this section shall include, to the extent practicable, but not be limited to, information about (A) the resources of any proposed site for the proposed action, (B) any plans of the

commenting agency that may affect or be affected by the proposed action, (C) any permits or approvals that may be necessary for the proposed action, and (D) any appropriate measures that would mitigate the impact of the proposed action, including, but not limited to, recommendations as to preferred sites for the proposed action or alternatives for the proposed action that have not been identified by the sponsoring agency.

- (7) The sponsoring agency shall consider any comments received pursuant to this section or any information obtained during the public scoping meeting in selecting the proposed actions to be addressed in the environmental impact evaluation and shall evaluate in its environmental impact evaluation any substantive issues raised during the early public scoping process that pertain to a proposed action or site or alternative actions or sites.
- (c) Each state department, institution or agency responsible for the primary recommendation or initiation of actions which may significantly affect the environment shall in the case of each such proposed action make a detailed written evaluation of its environmental impact before deciding whether to undertake or approve such action. All such environmental impact evaluations shall be detailed statements setting forth the following: (1) A description of the proposed action which shall include, but not be limited to, a description of the purpose and need of the proposed action, and, in the case of a proposed facility, a description of the infrastructure needs of such facility, including, but not limited to, parking, water supply, wastewater treatment and the square footage of the facility; (2) the environmental consequences of the proposed action, including cumulative, direct and indirect effects which might result during and subsequent to the proposed action; (3) any adverse environmental effects which cannot be avoided and irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources should the proposal be implemented; (4) alternatives to the proposed action, including the alternative of not proceeding with the proposed action and, in the case of a proposed facility, a list of all the sites controlled by or reasonably available to the

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sponsoring agency that would meet the stated purpose of such facility; (5) an evaluation of the proposed action's consistency and each alternative's consistency with the state plan of conservation and development, an evaluation of each alternative including, to the extent practicable, whether it avoids, minimizes or mitigates environmental impacts, and, where appropriate, a description of detailed mitigation measures proposed to minimize environmental impacts, including, but not limited to, where appropriate, a site plan; (6) an analysis of the short term and long term economic, social and environmental costs and benefits of the proposed action; (7) the effect of the proposed action on the use and conservation of energy resources; [and] (8) a description of the effects of the proposed action on sacred sites or archaeological sites of state or national importance; and (9) an analysis of the effect of the proposed action on greenhouse gas and other air pollutant emissions and the economic and safety needs of the state. In the case of an action which affects existing housing, the evaluation shall also contain a detailed statement analyzing (A) housing consequences of the proposed action, including direct and indirect effects which might result during and subsequent to the proposed action by income group as defined in section 8-37aa and by race, and (B) the consistency of the housing consequences with the long-range state housing plan adopted under section 8-37t. As used in this section, "sacred sites" and "archaeological sites" shall have the same meaning as in section 10-381 and "greenhouse gas" shall have the same meaning as in section 22a-200, as amended by this act.

- (d) (1) The Council on Environmental Quality shall publish a document at least once a month to be called the Environmental Monitor which shall include any notices the council receives pursuant to sections 22a-1b to 22a-1i, inclusive, as amended by this act, and shall include notice of the opportunity to request a public scoping meeting. Filings of such notices received by five o'clock p.m. on the first day of each month shall be published in the Environmental Monitor that is issued not later than ten days thereafter.
- (2) The Council on Environmental Quality shall post the

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- 437 Environmental Monitor on its Internet site and distribute a
- 438 subscription or a copy of the Environmental Monitor by electronic mail
- 439 to any state agency, municipality or person upon request. The council
- 440 shall also provide the Environmental Monitor to the clerk of each
- 441 municipality for posting in its town hall.
- Sec. 8. Section 29-256a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes
- 443 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 444 October 1, 2008):
- 445 (a) On and after January 1, 2008, the State Building Inspector and
- 446 the Codes and Standards Committee shall revise the State Building
- 447 Code to require that buildings and building elements, including
- 448 residential, be designed to provide optimum cost-effective energy
- efficiency over the useful life of the building. [Such revision shall meet
- 450 the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning
- 451 Engineers Standard 90.1 for new construction.]
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the State Building
- 453 Inspector and the Codes and Standards Committee shall revise the
- 454 State Building Code to require that any (1) building, except a
- 455 residential building with no more than four units, constructed after
- 456 January 1, 2009, that is projected to cost not less than five million
- 457 dollars, and (2) renovation to any building, except a residential
- building with no more than four units, started after January 1, 2010,
- 459 that is projected to cost not less than two million dollars shall be built
- or renovated using building construction standards consistent with or
- 461 exceeding the silver building rating of the Leadership in Energy and
- 462 Environmental Design's rating system for new commercial
- 463 construction and major renovation projects, as established by the
- 464 United States Green Building Council, or an equivalent standard,
- including, but not limited to, a two-globe rating in the Green Globes
- 466 USA design program. The inspector and the committee shall provide
- 467 for an exemption for any building if the Institute for Sustainable
- Energy finds, in a written analysis, that the cost of such compliance
- 469 significantly outweighs the benefits.

- (c) Not later than January 1, 2009, the State Building Inspector and
- 471 <u>the Codes and Standards Committee shall revise the State Building</u>
- 472 Code to include the most stringent model energy standards available.
- Such revisions shall meet the most recent version of the International
- 474 Energy Conservation Code standards or the American Society of
- 475 <u>Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers Standard 90.1</u>
- 476 for new construction, as appropriate. After said revision, the State
- 477 Building Inspector and the Codes and Standards Committee shall
- 478 revise the State Building Code not later than six months after the
- publication of any revision to such standards.
- 480 (d) Not later than January 1, 2009, the Secretary of the Office of
- 481 Policy and Management, in consultation with the Commissioners of
- 482 <u>Public Works, Environmental Protection and Public Safety, shall adopt</u>
- 483 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, for any
- 484 <u>new construction or major renovation of a state-owned or leased</u>
- building, to create building construction energy standards that exceed
- 486 the standard set forth in the American Society of Heating,
- 487 Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers Standard 90.1 by not
- less than twenty per cent. The secretary may revise such regulations as
- 489 necessary.
- 490 Sec. 9. (Effective from passage) (a) On or before July 1, 2008, the
- 491 Commissioner of Administrative Services shall establish, in accordance
- 492 with the provisions of chapter 67 of the general statutes, the class of
- 493 certified energy inspector within the Office of Policy and Management.
- 494 (b) On or before September 1, 2008, the Office of Policy and
- 495 Management shall develop a training and certification program for the
- 496 class established under subsection (a) of this section.
- 497 Sec. 10. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2009) No certificate of occupancy
- 498 shall be issued for a new construction project or major renovation
- 499 project until such project has been certified by a certified energy
- inspector as being in compliance with the energy standards established
- in accordance with section 29-256a of the 2008 supplement to the

502 general statutes, as amended by this act.

| This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following | | |
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| sections: | | |
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| Section 1 | October 1, 2008 | 22a-200 |
| Sec. 2 | October 1, 2008 | 22a-200a |
| Sec. 3 | October 1, 2008 | 22a-200b |
| Sec. 4 | October 1, 2008 | 22a-200c |
| Sec. 5 | October 1, 2008 | New section |
| Sec. 6 | October 1, 2008 | New section |
| Sec. 7 | October 1, 2008 | 22a-1b |
| Sec. 8 | October 1, 2008 | 29-256a |
| Sec. 9 | from passage | New section |
| Sec. 10 | January 1, 2009 | New section |

ENV Joint Favorable Subst.